901:11-2-01 **Definitions.**

As used in rules 901:11-2-01 to 901:11-2-46 of the Administrative Code:

- (A) "Cleaned-in-place" and its acronym "C.I.P." mean the procedure by which sanitary pipelines or pieces of dairy equipment are mechanically cleaned in place by circulation.
- (B) "Dairy farm" and "farm" mean a place or premise where one or more milking cows, goats, sheep or other animals as may be determined by the director and are kept, and from which all or a portion of the milk produced thereon is delivered, sold, or offered for sale to a manufacturing plant.
- (C) "Dairy plant" and "plant" mean any place, premise, or establishment where milk or dairy products are received or handled for processing or manufacturing and/or prepared for distribution. When "plant" is used in connection with the production, transportation, grading, or use of milk, it means any plant that handles or purchases milk for manufacturing purposes; when used in connection with requirements for plants or licensing or registration of plants, it means only those plants that manufacture dairy products.
- (D) "Dairy product" means butter, natural cheese, processed cheese, dry whole milk, nonfat dry milk, dry buttermilk, dry whey, evaporated whole milk evaporated skim milk, condensed whole milk and plain condensed skim milk, sweetened condensed skim milk, and such other products, for human consumption, as may be otherwise designated.
- (E) "Director" means the director of the Ohio department of agriculture or official, employee, or contractor of the department designated by the director of agriculture.
- (F) "Drug" means drug as defined in division (A)(6) of section 3715.01 of the Revised Code.
- (G) "Excluded milk" means all of a producer's milk excluded from the market by the provisions of rule 901:11-2-02 of the Administrative Code.
- (H) "License" or "registration" means a license or registration issued by the director as provided in section 917.09 of the Revised Code.

(I) "Milk" means:

- (1) The lacteal secretion practically free from colostrum obtained by the complete milking of one or more healthy cows; or
- (2) The lacteal secretion practically free from colostrum obtained by the complete milking of one or more healthy goats. Goat milk shall only be used to manufacture dairy products that are legally provided for in 21 C.F.R. or recognized as non-standardized traditional products normally manufactured

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from goat milk; or

(3) The lacteal secretion practically free from colostrum obtained by the complete milking of one or more healthy sheep. Sheep milk shall only be used to manufacture dairy products that are legally provided for in 21 C.F.R. or recognized as non-standardized traditional products normally manufactured from sheep milk.

- (J) "Milk for manufacturing purposes" means milk produced for processing and intended for manufacturing into products for human consumption and is not subject to grade A requirements.
- (K) "Official Methods" means the "Official Methods of Analysis of the AOAC International", 17th edition.
- (L) "Producer" means the person who holds a license from the department of agriculture to produce milk for manufacturing purposes.

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Replaces: 901:3-12-01

Effective: 06/06/2005

R.C. 119.032 review dates: 06/06/2010

CERTIFIED ELECTRONICALLY

Certification

05/26/2005

Date

Promulgated Under: 119.03 Statutory Authority: 917.02 Rule Amplifies: 917.02 Prior Effective Dates: 06/18/01