

### **Business Impact Analysis**

| Agency Name: <u>Ohio Department of Health</u>  |               |
|--|---------------|
| Regulation/Package Title: <u>Chapter 3701-62 – Do-Not-Resuscitate (DNR) Protocol</u> |               |
| Rule Number(s): <u>3701-62-01 to 3701-62-14</u>                                      |               |
| Date: September 2013 (Amended November 6, 2013)                                      |               |
| <u>Rule Type</u> :   |               |
| □ New X 5  | 5-Year Review |
| X Amended  | Rescinded     |

The Common Sense Initiative was established by Executive Order 2011-01K and placed within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor. Under the CSI Initiative, agencies should balance the critical objectives of all regulations with the costs of compliance by the regulated parties. Agencies should promote transparency, consistency, predictability, and flexibility in regulatory activities. Agencies should prioritize compliance over punishment, and to that end, should utilize plain language in the development of regulations.

### **Regulatory Intent**

#### 1. Please briefly describe the draft regulations in plain language.

The rules set forth in Chapter 3701-62 of the Ohio Administrative Code establish the Do Not Resuscitate ("DNR") order and protocol in Ohio pursuant to section 2133.25 of the Ohio Revised Code. The DNR order and protocol establish and provide a standardized method of procedure for the withholding of CPR by physicians, emergency medical services personnel, and health care facilities. The rules set forth in Chapter 3701-62 include, but are not limited to, the DNR order form, protocol, liability protections, and prohibitions.

#### Pursuant to the five year review the following rules are being recommended without changes:

3701-62-09 – The rule sets forth the requirement that a transferring health care facility must notify a receiving health care facility of the existence of a person's DNR order prior to transfer. Furthermore, the rule requires existing oral DNR orders to be written and accompany the person upon discharge.

3701-62-11 – The rule establishes that the death of a person resulting from the withholding or withdrawal of CPR for a person with a valid DNR does not constitute suicide, aggravated murder, murder, or any other homicide.

<u>3701-62-13</u>– The rule sets forth the rights of an individual with a DNR as they pertain to informed consent and declarations pursuant to sections 2133.01 to 2133.15 of the Revised Code. The rule grants an individual the right to make decisions regarding the withholding, or withdrawal of CPR as long as the person is mentally able to make those decisions. Finally, the rule establishes the fact that a failure to include a specific authorization for the withholding or withdrawal of CPR in a declaration does not preclude the withholding or withdrawal of CPR.

#### **Revisions have been made to:**

The authority and immunities granted under section 2133.211 of the Revised Code pertaining to physician assistants became effective with the enactment of House Bill 284, effective March 22, 2013.

<u>3701-62-01</u> – The rule sets forth the definitions used throughout the Chapter, such as "CPR," "do-not-resuscitate order," "do-not-resuscitate protocol," and "cardiac arrest". The rule is being revised to include the definition of "physician's assistant.

3701-62-02 – The rule sets forth the authority and immunities pertaining to DNRs for Certified Nurse Practitioners and Clinical Nurse Specialists. The rule is being revised to include physician's assistants.

3701-62-03 – The rule sets forth establishes immunity from criminal, civil, and professional actions for withholding or withdrawing CPR from a patient with a valid DNR order for physicians, certified nurse practitioners or certified nurse specialists, emergency medical staff, and other health care workers. The rule is being revised to include physician's assistants.

3701-62-04 – The rule sets forth lists various items that are approved as DNR identification (such as DNR orders, hospital-type bracelets, necklaces bearing the DNR logo, and wallet cards); states when a person is eligible to obtain DNR identification; and states how a person can obtain DNR identification. The rule is being revised to include physician's assistants.

• Appendix A to this rule establishes the DNR Order form. The form is being revised to include physician's assistants.

<u>3701-62-05</u>–The authority and immunities granted under section 2133.211 of the Revised Code pertaining to physician assistants became effective with the enactment of House Bill 284, effective March 22, 2013.

• The appendix to this rule establishes the DNR Protocol. The protocol is being revised to include physician's assistants.

<u>3701-62-06</u> The rule sets forth ways in which a person may revoke his or her DNR identification, including, but not limited to, destroying the DNR form or wallet card; permanently removing DNR jewelry; and revoking a declaration intended to be used as a DNR identification. The rule requires every attending physician, certified nurse practitioner, and clinical nurse specialist that issues an order discontinuing a valid DNR order to ask the patient prior to discharge or transfer whether he or she wants to make another DNR declaration. The rule is being revised to include physician's assistants.

<u>3701-62-07</u>– The rule sets forth the requirements for emergency medical services personnel and compliance with the DNR protocol. The rule authorizes EMS personnel to accept an oral DNR order from a physician, CNS, or CNP and requires verification of issuer's identity. The rule is being revised to include physician's assistants.

<u>3701-62-08</u>– The rule sets forth the requirement that physicians, CNPs, CNSs, or health care facilities that are unwilling or unable to comply with a person's DNR, to not interfere with the transfer of the person to a provider who will follow the DNR protocol. The rule is being revised to include physician's assistants.

<u>3701-62-10</u> The rule sets forth the relationship between the DNR, declarations, and durable powers of attorney for health care. DNR identification based upon a valid declaration supersedes a durable power of attorney. A valid durable power of attorney for health care supersedes a DNR based upon an order from a physician, CNP, or CNS if that order is inconsistent with the durable power of attorney for health care. Finally, a declaration supersedes DNR identification based upon a previous declaration or DNR that is inconsistent with the current declaration. The rule is being revised to include physician's assistants.

<u>3701-62-12</u> – The rule sets forth the prohibition for insurance, health benefit plans, and other providers from denying, modifying, or canceling insurance coverage or care plans as a result of a person obtaining a DNR order. The rule further states, that a provider cannot require a person to rescind a DNR order to obtain treatment. The rule is being revised to include physician's assistants.

<u>3701-62-14</u>— The rule sets forth the prohibitions pertaining to DNR orders and DNR identification. The rule prohibits a physician, CNP, or CNS from delaying the transfer of a patient in violation of division (B) of section 2133 of the Revised Code. Additional prohibitions include: falsification and forgery of a DNR for another individual as well as the falsification or forgery of a revocation; defacement, concealment, cancelation or obliteration of another individuals DNR order without permission; and concealment or withholding knowledge of a DNR revocation with the intent to cause the use, withholding, or withdrawal of CPR for the other person. Pursuant to section 2133.26 of the Revised Code, whoever violates paragraph (A) or (E) of this rule is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. Whoever violates paragraph (B), (C), or (D) of this rule is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. The rule is being revised to include physician's assistants.

#### 2. Please list the Ohio statute authorizing the Agency to adopt these regulations.

Ohio Revised Code sections 2133.25

**3.** Do the regulations implement a federal requirement? Are the proposed regulations being adopted or amended to enable the state to obtain or maintain approval to administer and enforce a federal law or to participate in a federal program?

There are no federal requirements mandating these rules.

4. If the regulation includes provisions not specifically required by the federal government, please explain the rationale for exceeding the federal requirement.

Not applicable to these rules.

### 5. What is the public purpose for this regulation (i.e., why does the Agency feel that there needs to be any regulation in this area at all)?

As required by Ohio Revised Code 2133.25, these rules provide the necessary state-based framework for the Department of Health to provide a standardized method of procedure for the withholding of CPR by physicians, emergency medical services personnel, and health care facilities in the form of the DNR order and protocol. Through the DNR order and DNR protocol, ODH provides a standardized method to ensure that individual's decisions regarding lifesaving/sustaining measures are clearly expressed and recognized by health care personnel and providers.

### 6. How will the Agency measure the success of these regulations in terms of outputs and/or outcomes?

The regulations set forth in Chapter 3701-62 of the Ohio Administrative Code are not directly measurable through the standard methods of survey utilized by ODH. ODH is required by statute to make the form available and establish rules, but enforcement of the requirements established in rule, such as the concealment, defacing, or destruction of a valid DNR order of an individual by another person without consent are punishable as criminal offenses and would be prosecuted through local or state law enforcement. In the event that ODH received a complaint regarding one of its regulated facilities, programs, or services, ODH would investigate that complaint under the rules regulating the entity, which could result in a survey of the facility. Any violations identified by ODH would be referred to the Ohio Attorney General for further action or relief may be sought by individuals through their local courts. Thus, the "success" of the DNR rules could be determined through the review of related criminal cases in Ohio's courts and the number of complaints received regarding the DNR by the agency itself.

#### **Development of the Regulation**

## 7. Please list the stakeholders included by the Agency in the development or initial review of the draft regulations.

Midwest Care Alliance Ohio Assisted Living Association Ohio Kepro Ohio Council for Homecare and Hospice State Long-term Care Ombudsman Department of Public Safety Ohio Hospital Association Ohio Nurses Association Ohio State Bar Association

## 8. What input was provided by the stakeholders, and how did that input affect the draft regulations being proposed by the Agency?

A request for comments was made to identify stakeholders on July 31, 2013. No substantive requests for modifications were received. Acknowledgement and agreement with the minor revisions detailed in this BIA, was received from stakeholders including:

Ohio Council for Homecare and Hospice Ohio Assisted Living Association

# 9. What alternative regulations (or specific provisions within the regulation) did the Agency consider, and why did it determine that these alternatives were not appropriate? If none, why didn't the Agency consider regulatory alternatives?

The Ohio Department of Health is required to adopt and maintain a standardized method of procedure for the withholding of CPR by health care practitioners and facilities by section 2133.25 of the Revised Code. Alternative regulations to the rules being amended were not considered. The rules reflect the current statutory requirements.

#### 10. Did the Agency specifically consider performance-based regulations? Please explain.

A performance based regulation is not appropriate in this instance.

## 11. What measures did the Agency take to ensure that these regulations do not duplicate an existing Ohio regulation?

The agency conducted a thorough review of the Ohio Revised Code and Ohio Administrative Code.

## 12. Please describe the Agency's plan for implementation of these regulations, including any measures to ensure that the regulations are applied consistently and predictably for the regulated community.

ODH makes the DNR order form, DNR protocol, and applicable rules available on its agency website for public use. Furthermore, ODH receives and acts upon complaints regarding its regulated entities. The DNR has been in use in Ohio since 1998 and is readily accepted and utilized by healthcare providers and individuals within the state without significant issues.

#### **Adverse Impact to Business**

## **13.** Provide a summary of the estimated cost of compliance with these rules. Specifically, please do the following:

#### a. Identify the scope of the impacted business community:

All healthcare providers, to include, but not limited to, physicians, nurses, and emergency services personnel.

### **b.** Identify the nature of the adverse impact (e.g., license fees, fines, employer time for compliance); and

The time necessary to complete the form.

#### c. Quantify the expected adverse impact from the regulation:

The costs associated with these rules remain unchanged from previous versions of the rules. The DNR order is available for printing from the ODH website. The cost to authorized practitioners is dependent upon the practitioner completing the form; however, the cost would typically be

included as part of the fee charged to an individual requesting the DNR order for a standard office visits or consultation with that provider.

The following are the average wages per service provider type:

Physician: \$0.00 to an average of \$88.56 per hour\* Nurse Practitioners: \$0.00 to an average of \$41.96 per hour\* Physician Assistants: \$0.00 to an average of \$42.32 per hour\*

Figures from United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Occupational Employment and Wages for the State of Ohio, May, 2012, using the codes physicians and surgeons, all others (29-1069), nurse practitioners (29-1171), and physician assistant (29-1071).

## 14. Why did the Agency determine that the regulatory intent justifies the adverse impact to the regulated business community?

ODH is required to implement section 2133.25 the Ohio Revised Code to provide and maintain a standardized method of procedure for the withholding of CPR by health care practitioners and facilities. The DNR order is an individual based protocol with an insignificant adverse impact for the business community. Businesses, such as ambulatory surgical facilities, routinely include in their informed consent documents, a waiver of DNR orders by individuals while they are receiving services at the facility thereby eliminating any subsequent issues with upholding the order.

#### **Regulatory Flexibility**

### **15.** Does the regulation provide any exemptions or alternative means of compliance for small businesses?

A DNR order is an individual based protocol and there is no identified impact on small businesses.

## 16. How will the agency apply Ohio Revised Code section 119.14 (waiver of fines and penalties for paperwork violations and first-time offenders) into implementation of the regulation?

The agency maintains program staff to assist and provide guidance to individuals and providers regarding the DNR Order form and protocol. Chapter 2133. of the Ohio Revised Code and Chapter 3701-62 of the Ohio Administrative Code does provide for the waiver of fines or penalties, thus, section 119.14 of the Revised Code does not apply. Certain Violations of Chapter 3701-62 of the Ohio Administrative Code are punishable as criminal offenses.

### **17.** What resources are available to assist small businesses with compliance of the regulation?

The Ohio Department of Health, Do Not Resuscitate Program provides information and assistance to individuals and providers. Additional information is available at:

http://www.odh.ohio.gov/odhprograms/dspc/dnr/dnr1.aspx