

## Rule Summary and Fiscal Analysis

### Part A - General Questions

**Rule Number:** 3737-1-04

**Rule Type:** Amendment

**Rule Title/Tagline:** Annual petroleum underground storage tank financial assurance fee, certification of compliance, and financial responsibility.

**Agency Name:** Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Release Compensation Board

**Division:**

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#### I. Rule Summary

1. **Is this a five year rule review?** No
  - A. **What is the rule's five year review date?** 7/31/2019
2. **Is this rule the result of recent legislation?** No
3. **What statute is this rule being promulgated under?** 119.03
4. **What statute(s) grant rule writing authority?** 3737.90
5. **What statute(s) does the rule implement or amplify?** 3737.91, 3737.92
6. **What are the reasons for proposing the rule?**

The proposed rule amendment is being filed to incorporate the new term "release incident".

7. **Summarize the rule's content, and if this is an amended rule, also summarize the rule's changes.**

This rule prescribes the annual requirements of petroleum underground storage tank ("UST") owners and operators ("responsible persons") for establishing coverage with the Financial Assurance Fund ("Fund"), including the payment of the annual per-

tank financial assurance fee, certification of compliance with applicable rules for USTs adopted by the fire marshal, demonstration of financial responsibility for the deductible amount of coverage with the Fund, and, if applicable, compliance with the coverage reinstatement requirements of rule 3737-1-04.1. The rule further requires the responsible person to provide notice to the director when installation of a UST has occurred, and when ownership of a UST has transferred and establishes the process for transferring the certificate of coverage to the new responsible person as well as the criteria for the issuance of the certificate of coverage when no certificate was in effect at the time of transfer. The rule sets forth the notification requirements to the responsible person and to the fire marshal when a responsible person fails to timely remit payment of the annual per-tank fees or fails to meet the criteria for the issuance of the certificate of coverage. A late payment fee is imposed when the annual per-tank fee is not timely remitted. The rule also provides the responsible person with the right to file an objection to an order to pay fees or a determination denying or revoking a certificate of coverage.

The proposed amendment to paragraph (G)(2) will replace "petroleum release" with "release incident".

8. **Does the rule incorporate material by reference? No**
9. **If the rule incorporates material by reference and the agency claims the material is exempt pursuant to R.C. 121.71 to 121.76, please explain the basis for the exemption and how an individual can find the referenced material.**

*Not Applicable*

10. **If revising or re-filing the rule, please indicate the changes made in the revised or re-filed version of the rule.**

*Not Applicable*

## **II. Fiscal Analysis**

11. **As a result of this proposed rule, please estimate the increase / decrease in revenues or expenditures affecting this agency, or the state generally, in the current biennium or future years. If the proposed rule is likely to have a different fiscal effect in future years, please describe the expected difference and operation.**

This will have no impact on revenues or expenditures.

\$0

Not Applicable.

**12. What are the estimated costs of compliance for all persons and/or organizations directly affected by the rule?**

There are no new costs of compliance resulting from the proposed amendment to the rule.

The cost of compliance associated with the proposed rule includes the administrative cost to prepare and submit the yearly Application for Certificate of Coverage/Fee Assessment Statement and the annual per-tank fee of \$350. A late fee of up to \$1,000 per tank is assessed for untimely payment. Delinquent accounts may be referred to the Attorney General's Office for collection, and as a result, collection costs and interest charges may be assessed. Upon the transfer of a UST system, the new responsible person is subject to a transfer fee of \$500 per facility.

**13. Does the rule increase local government costs? (If yes, you must complete an RSFA Part B). No**

**14. Does the rule regulate environmental protection? (If yes, you must complete an RSFA Part C). No**

### **III. Common Sense Initiative (CSI) Questions**

**15. Was this rule filed with the Common Sense Initiative Office? Yes**

**16. Does this rule have an adverse impact on business? Yes**

**A. Does this rule require a license, permit, or any other prior authorization to engage in or operate a line of business? Yes**

All petroleum UST owners and operators are required to demonstrate financial responsibility by obtaining a Certificate of Coverage from the Board. The Fund provides up to \$1 million, less a deductible, for the reimbursement of clean-up costs and compensation to third parties for property damage and bodily injury resulting from accidental releases of petroleum from USTs.

**B. Does this rule impose a criminal penalty, a civil penalty, or another sanction, or create a cause of action, for failure to comply with its terms? Yes**

Rule 3737-1-04 does not impose civil or criminal penalties on underground storage tank owners or operators who fail to comply. However, owners and

operators who do not timely remit the annual fee may be subject to the assessment of late payment fees. Fund fees are assessed annually and are required for all petroleum USTs in the ground at any time between July 1 and June 30. If the annual fee is not remitted by July 1, a notification is issued advising the owner or operator of the non-compliance and that a late payment fee will be assessed if the annual fee is not paid within 30 days. If the annual fee remains unpaid at the end of the 30 days, an Order Pursuant to Law is issued requiring payment of the annual fee and assessing a late payment fee of \$100/tank per month up to a maximum of \$1,000/tank. If an UST owner fails to comply with the Order, the director of the Fund notifies the State Fire Marshal. In addition, the director of the Fund may request the Ohio Attorney General to bring an action for appropriate relief.

**C. Does this rule require specific expenditures or the report of information as a condition of compliance? Yes**

There are no new expenditures or reporting requirements resulting from the proposed rule amendment.

All tank owners must remit an annual per-tank fee. An owner that does not timely remit the annual fee may also be subject to late payment fees, collection costs, and interest charges. The new responsible person of a UST system is also subject to a transfer fee. Each year all tank owners must submit a completed application for a Certificate of Coverage. In addition, owners must provide information concerning the installation and acquisition of petroleum UST systems.