ACTION: Final

4112-3-03 **Preliminary investigation, probable cause, conciliation, no probable cause.**

- (A) Preliminary investigation. After the receipt of a charge, the director or the director's designee may assign a member or members of the commissioncommission staff to conduct a preliminary investigation. Such investigation shall be designed to obtain necessary information upon which the commissioncommission can determine whether it is probable that any unlawful discriminatory practices have been or are being engaged in by the respondent. The investigation of any alleged unlawful discriminatory practices by the commission need not be limited to the particular facts or issues raised in any charge affidavit.
- (B) Probable cause determination. Where the facts indicate that it is probable that any unlawful discriminatory practices have been or are being engaged in, the director or the director's designee may refer the matter to the <u>commission_commission</u> and recommend that the <u>commission_commission</u> approve a finding of probable cause and authorize proceeding with conciliation. The <u>commission_commission</u> may delegate authority to the director or the director's designee to make a finding of probable cause and issue a letter of determination and serve a copy upon the parties.
- (C) Conciliation. When the <u>commission</u> determines such probable cause does exist, the <u>commission</u> shall instruct the director or the director's designee to endeavor to eliminate all unlawful discriminatory practices by conference, conciliation and persuasion.
- (D) Conciliation agreement. If, as a result of conference, conciliation, and persuasion the <u>commissioncommission</u> is able to provide for voluntary compliance with sections 4112.01 to 4112.08 of the Revised Code, and to effect the elimination of any unlawful discriminatory practices, whether against the complainant or others, it may prepare a conciliation agreement which shall set forth all measures to be taken by the parties thereto, including provisions for affirmative and other relief, goals and timetables, and compliance reports. The conciliation agreement shall be signed by the persons to be bound by the agreement; and a representative of the commissioncommission. An executed conciliation agreement is a final order of the commissioncommission for the purposes of section 4112.06 of the Revised Code.
- (E) Failure of conciliation. Failure by a respondent to agree to a proposed conciliation agreement or to submit a counter proposal acceptable to the <u>commission_commission</u> shall constitute prima facie evidence of a failure, within the meaning of division (A) of section 4112.05 of the Revised Code, of informal methods of conference, conciliation and <u>persusasion_persuasion</u>.
- (F) No probable cause determination and dismissal. Where the facts, as determined during the preliminary investigation indicate that it is not probable that any

unlawful discriminatory practices have been or are being engaged in, the director or the director's designee shall refer the charge to the <u>commissioncommission</u> with a recommendation of dismissal. The <u>commissioncommission</u> may thereupon dismiss the charge and serve on the complainant and other parties notification of its action. The <u>commissioncommission</u> may delegate authority to the director or the director's designee to make a finding of no probable cause and issue a letter of determination and serve a copy upon the parties. -

- (G) Investigation without charge. When preliminary investigations are initiated by the <u>commissioncommission</u> on its own motion, no specific charge need be filed with the <u>commissioncommission</u>. The <u>commissioncommission</u> shall promptly notify the respondent in writing of such investigation.
- (H) Compliance reports. The <u>commission</u> may require any party to submit to it such compliance reports as the <u>commission</u> deems necessary showing compliance with the terms of any conciliation agreement.
- (I) Investigation after conciliation. The <u>commission</u> may make compliance investigations regarding conciliation agreements, and cease and desist orders, and take appropriate action according to its findings, pursuant to paragraphs (B)(2) and (B)(3) of rule 4112-3-10 of the Administrative Code.
- (J) Non-disclosure. Nothing said or done during endeavors at conciliation shall be disclosed by any member of the <u>commissioncommission</u> or its staff to be used as evidence in any subsequent proceeding unless the respondent asserts that the <u>commissioncommission</u>'s duty to attempt conciliation pursuant to section 4112.05 of the Revised Code has not been met. The <u>commissioncommission</u> may, however, publish the terms of conciliation of any charge which has been conciliated.

Effective:

10/21/2013

R.C. 119.032 review dates:

06/12/2013 and 10/21/2018

CERTIFIED ELECTRONICALLY

Certification

10/11/2013

Date

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