## 4755-27-05 Code of ethical conduct for physical therapists and physical therapist assistants.

An individual A person licensed by the physical therapy section has a responsibility to report any organization or entity that provides or holds itself out to deliver physical therapy services that places the licenseelicense holder in a position of compromise with this code of ethical conduct.

## (A) Ethical integrity.

<u>Licensees shallLicense holders must</u> use the provisions contained in paragraphs (A)(1) to (A)(10) of this rule as guidelines for promoting ethical integrity and professionalism. Failure to comply with paragraphs (A)(1) to (A)(10) of this rule may be grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to section 4755.47 of the Revised Code and in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.

- (1) A licenseelicense holder shallmust respect the rights and dignity of all patients and provide compassionate care as described in paragraphs (A)(1)(a) and (A) (1)(b) of this rule.
  - (a) A licensee license holder shallmust recognize individual differences with patients and shallmust respect and be responsive to those differences.
  - (b) A <u>licensee\_license holder</u> <u>shallmust</u> be guided by concern for the physical, psychosocial, and socioeconomic welfare of patients.
- (2) A licenseelicense holder shallmust exercise sound judgment, place the best interests of the patient over the interests of the license holder, and act in a trustworthy manner in all aspects of physical therapy practice. Regardless of practice setting, the license holder physical therapist shallmust maintain the ability to make independent judgments. A licenseelicense holder shallmust strive to effect changes that benefit patients the patient.
- (3) A licenseelicense holder shallmust only seek compensation that is reasonable for the physical therapy services delivered. A licenseelicense holder shallmust never place the licensee'slicense holder's own financial interests above the welfare of the licensee'slicense holder's patients. A licenseelicense holder, regardless of the practice setting, shallmust safeguard the public from unethical and unlawful business practices.
- (4) A <u>licenseelicense holder shallmust</u> not intentionally or knowingly offer to pay or agree to accept any compensation, directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly, in cash or in kind, to or from any person or entity for receiving or soliciting patients or patronage, regardless of the source of the compensation.

(5) A licensee license holder shallmust not influence a patient or the patient's family to utilize, purchase, or rent any equipment based on the direct or indirect financial interests of the licensee license holder. Recommendations of equipment must be based solely on the therapeutic value of that equipment to the patient. A licensee license holder who owns or has a direct financial interest in an equipment or supply company must disclose the financial interest to the patient if the licensee license holder sells or rents, or intends to sell or rent, to the patient.

- (6) A <u>licensee\_license holder</u> <u>shallmust</u> ensure the patient's rights to participate fully in their care, including the patient's right to select the physical therapy provider, regardless of the practice setting.
- (7) A <u>licenseelicense holder shallmust</u> respect the rights, knowledge, and skills of colleagues and other health care professionals.
- (8) A <u>licenseelicense holder shallmust</u> safeguard the public from underutilization or overutilization of physical therapy services.
- (9) A licensee license holder shallmust provide accurate and relevant information to patients about the patients' care and to the public about physical therapy services.
- (10) A <u>licensee\_license holder shallmust</u> report to the physical therapy section any unprofessional, incompetent, or illegal behavior of a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant of which the <u>licensee\_license holder</u> has knowledge.

## (B) Ethical conduct.

Ethical conduct includes conforming to the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing physical therapy practice <u>based on current available evidence</u>. Conduct may be considered unethical regardless of whether or not actual injury to a patient occurred. Failure to comply with paragraphs (B)(1) to (B)(15) of this rule may be grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to section 4755.47 of the Revised Code and in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.

- (1) A <u>licenseelicense holder shallmust</u> adhere to the standards of ethical practice by practicing in a manner that is moral and honorable. A <u>licenseelicense holder</u> may be disciplined for violating any provision contained in division (A) of section 4755.47 of the Revised Code.
- (2) A <u>licensee license holder shallmust</u> not cheat or assist others in conspiring to cheat on the national physical therapy examination, <u>or</u> the state jurisprudence examination, <u>or the renewal jurisprudence module</u>.

(3) An individual A person shall must not practice physical therapy without a valid license, or without holding student status, including:

- (a) Practicing physical therapy while an individual's a person's license is suspended or revoked.
- (b) Practicing physical therapy with an expired license or when no longer enrolled as a student in an accredited entry level physical therapy educational program.
- (4) A <u>licenseelicense holder</u> <u>shallmust</u> obtain informed consent from the patient <u>or legal guardian</u>.
  - (a) A licenseelicense holder, unless otherwise allowed by law, shallmust not provide patient care without disclosing to the patient or the patient's representative, the benefits, substantial risks, if any, or alternatives to the recommended examination or intervention.
  - (b) Information relating to the therapist-patient relationship is confidential and may not be communicated to a third party not involved in that patient's care without the prior written consent of the patient or the patient's representative, or unless otherwise allowed by law. Information must be disclosed when required by law for the protection of the patient or the public.
- (5) A <u>licensee\_license holder shall\_must</u> adhere to the minimal standards of acceptable prevailing practice. Failure to adhere to minimal standards of practice, whether or not actual injury to a patient occurred, includes, but is not limited to:
  - (a) Failing to assess and evaluate a patient's status;
  - (b) Performing or attempting to perform techniques, procedures, or both in which the <u>licenseelicense holder</u> is untrained by education or experience;
  - (c) Delegating physical therapy functions or responsibilities to an individuala person lacking the ability or knowledge to perform the function or responsibility in question;
  - (d) Causing, or permitting another person to cause, physical or emotional injury to the patient, or depriving the patient of the individual's dignity;
  - (e) Providing treatment interventions that are not warranted by the patient's condition or continuing treatment beyond the point of reasonable benefit to the patient.

(f) Practicing in a pattern of negligent conduct, which means a continued course of negligent conduct or of negligent conduct in performing the duties of the profession.

- (g) Providing substandard care as a physical therapist assistant by exceeding the authority to perform components of physical therapy interventions selected by the supervising physical therapist or through a deliberate or negligent act or failure to act, whether or not actual injury to any person occurred.
- (h) Abandoning the patient by inappropriately terminating the patient practitioner relationship by the <u>lieenseelicense holder</u>.
- (i) Documenting or billing for services not actually provided.
- (6) A licenseelicense holder shallmust not engage in conduct that constitutes harassment or verbal or physical abuse of, or unlawful discrimination against, patients, students and/or colleagues.
- (7) A <u>licensee\_license holder shallmust</u> not engage in any sexual relationship or conduct, including dating, with any patient, or engage in any conduct that may reasonably be interpreted by the patient to be sexual, whether consensual or nonconsensual, while a therapist-patient relationship exists.
  - (a) A <u>licensee\_license holder shallmust</u> not intentionally expose or view a completely or partially disrobed patient in the course of treatment if the exposure or viewing is not related to the patient diagnosis or treatment under current practice standards.
  - (b) A licensee license holder shallmust not engage in a conversation with a patient that is sexual in nature sexually explicit and unrelated to the physical therapy plan of care.
- (8) A licenseelicense holder shallmust not engage in sexual harassment of patients, students, and/or colleagues. Sexual harassment includes, but is not limited to, making unwelcome sexual advances, requesting sexual favors, and engaging in other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature that results in:
  - (a) Withholding physical therapy services to a patient;
  - (b) Creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive environment; or
  - (c) Interfering with the patient's ability to recover.

(9) A <u>licenseelicense holder shallmust</u> not falsify, alter, or destroy patient/client records, medical records, or billing records without authorization. The <u>licenseelicense holder shallmust</u> maintain accurate patient and/or billing records.

- (10) A licenseelicense holder shallmust not practice physical therapy while the ability to practice is impaired by alcohol, controlled substances, narcotic drugs, physical disability, mental disability, or emotional disability. If a licensee'slicense holder's or applicant's ability to practice is in question, the licenseelicense holder shallmust submit to a physical or mental examination or drug/alcohol screens as requested by the physical therapy section to determine the applicant's or licensee'slicense holder's qualifications to practice physical therapy.
- (11) A <u>licensee\_license holder shall\_must</u> not obtain, attempt to obtain, or deliver medications through means of misrepresentation, fraud, forgery, deception, and/or subterfuge.
- (12) A <u>licenseelicense holder shallmust</u> transfer the continuum of care of the patient, as appropriate, to another health care provider in the event of elective termination of physical therapy services by the <u>licenseelicense holder</u>.
- (13) A <u>licenseelicense holder shallmust</u> not aid, abet, authorize, condone, or allow the practice of physical therapy by any person not legally authorized to provide services.
- (14) A licenseelicense holder shallmust not permit another person to use an individual's—a person's wall certificate, pocket identification eard, license number, or national provider identifier, as defined in section 4755.56 of the Revised Code, for any illegal purpose.
- (15) A licenseelicense holder shallmust not misrepresent the credential, title, and/or specialty certifications held by the licenseelicense holder.
- (16) A license holder providing pro bono service must provide care according to the minimal standards of acceptable prevailing practice, including documentation, as outlined in (B)(5).

## (C) Cooperation.

In accordance with division (A)(24) of section 4755.47 of the Revised Code, <del>licensees</del> shall license holders must cooperate with an investigation by the physical therapy section. Failure to cooperate is conduct detrimental to the best interest of the public and grounds for disciplinary action. Cooperation includes responding fully and

promptly to any questions raised by the physical therapy section and providing copies of the medical records and other documents requested by the physical therapy section. Failure to comply with paragraphs (C)(1) to (C)(7) of this rule may be grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to section 4755.47 of the Revised Code and in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.

- (1) A <u>licenseelicense holder</u> <u>shallmust</u> respond fully and truthfully to a request for information from the physical therapy section.
- (2) A licensee license holder shall must comply with a subpoena issued by the physical therapy section.
- (3) A <u>licenseelicense holder shallmust</u> provide information or document within the time frame specified by the physical therapy section.
- (4) A licensee license holder shall must appear and provide information at an interview requested by the physical therapy section.
- (5) A <u>licensee\_license holder shall\_must</u> not deceive, or attempt to deceive, the physical therapy section regarding any matter, including by altering or destroying any record or document.
- (6) A <u>licensee\_license holder shallmust</u> not interfere with an investigation or disciplinary proceeding by willful misrepresentation of facts before the agency or the physical therapy section, or by use of threats or harassment against any patient or witness to prevent the patient or witness from providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding or any other legal action.
- (7) A licenseelicense holder shallmust not refuse to provide testimony in an administrative hearing.

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Certification

Date

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