TO BE RESCINDED

5101:2-15-01 **Definitions.**

- (A) "Adult" means an individual who is not a minor child.
- (B) "Caretaker" means the father or mother of a child, an adult who has legal custody of a child, an adult who is the guardian of a child, or an adult who stands in loco parentis with respect to a child, all whose presence in the home is needed as the caretaker of the child. Caretaker has the same meaning as "caretaker parent" as defined in division (E) of section 5104.01 of the Revised Code.
- (C) "Child" means an infant, toddler, preschool child, school child or a child eligible for publicly funded child care services in accordance with rule 5101:2-16-30 of the Administrative Code.
- (D) "Child care" means administering to the needs of infants, toddlers, preschool children, and school children outside of school hours by persons other than their caretakers for any part of the twenty-four hour day. Child care also means child day care as defined in 5104.01 of the Revised Code.
- (E) "Child care resource and referral service organization" means any community based nonprofit organization that does not provide child care and that provides child care resource and referral services.
- (F) "Children in placement" means children who have been placed with a caretaker, pursuant to paragraph (B) of this rule, and which has been arranged by a public children services agency (PCSA) or a private child placing agency (PCPA) who has custody of the children.
- (G) "Concentrations of Ohio works first (OWF) families" means geographic areas in which there is a high population of OWF families.
- (H) "Consumer education" means the provision of child care information to families including, but not limited to, information on publicly funded child care assistance, which is designed to increase their awareness of child care services, promote informed child care choices and promote the appropriate and effective utilization of services.
- (I) "Coordinating information" means gathering and providing up to date information on local, state and federally funded child care and early childhood education programs.
- (J) "Core services" means basic services which child care resource and referral service

- organizations are mandated to provide to all Ohio's families, regardless of income, in order to receive ODJFS funding.
- (K) "Early childhood development services and/or before and after school programs" means administering to the needs of children in a licensed preschool program or licensed school child program. Early childhood development services can include child care services provided to infants, toddlers, preschool and school children.
- (L) "Employer support services" means the provision of consultation and referral services to businesses and organizations that wish to offer quality and affordable child care services to their employees or to the community at large.
- (M) "Eligible provider" means a child care service provider who is eligible to receive public funds in accordance with sections 5104.30 to 5104.39 of the Revised Code and which includes all of the following:
 - (1) A licensed child care center;
 - (2) A licensed type A family child care home;
 - (3) A certified type B family child care home;
 - (4) Certified in home aides;
 - (5) Licensed school child care centers:
 - (6) Licensed preschool programs;
 - (7) Licensed school child programs;
 - (8) Approved child day camps; and
 - (9) Child day camps accredited by the American camping association.
- (N) "Enhanced services" means the expansion of basic services, usually provided through an employer contract, grant agreement and/or specialized funding for specific populations or areas.
- (O) "Federal poverty level" means the official poverty guideline as revised annually in accordance with section 673 (2) of the "Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of

- 1981," 95 Stat. 511, 42 U.S.C. 9902, as amended, for a family size equal to the size of the family of the person whose income is being determined.
- (P) "Full time day" means at least five hours up to and including twelve hours of care per day.
- (Q) "Full time week" means at least twenty-five hours up to and including sixty hours of care per week.
- (R) "Geographically distressed areas" means areas that meet any of the following criteria:
 - (1) Any of the group of counties determined by the Appalachian regional commission as having high concentrations of poverty as most recently defined in division (D) of section 5101.462 of the Revised Code.
 - (2) A county or group of counties determined to be in need (above the state median) of "disadvantaged pupil instructional assistance" as based on eligibility for free or reduced lunch assistance.
 - (3) A city or county with a high rate of unemployment. A high rate of unemployment is defined as an average unemployment rate of at least 6.6 per cent for a two year period.
- (S) "Head Start/child care partnership program" means a program that integrates child care and head start services at a single location to provide full day, full year services. These services meet the child care needs of head start enrolled families receiving publicly funded child care services including, but not be limited to components which meet the head start performance standards and are integrated throughout the day. The partnership program may be located in a child care center, a family child care home, or a head start center.
- (T) "Income" means gross income as defined in rule 5101:2-16-34 of the Administrative Code.
- (U) "Infant" means a child under eighteen months of age.
- (V) "Informational resources" means the sharing of knowledge and written materials which can aid in meeting the needs or enhancing the skills of current child care providers and providing oral or written information to potential child care providers which includes, but is not limited to, procedures for certification, registration or licensure.

- (W) "Licensed preschool program" or "licensed school child program" means a preschool program or school child program, as defined in section 3301.52 of the Revised Code, that is licensed by the Ohio department of education pursuant to sections 3301.52 to 3301.59 of the Revised Code.
- (X) "Low income communities" means a community with a high concentration of low income children eligible for grants under section 1006 of the Elementary and Secondary Act of 1965, Chapter I, section 658 H services. Chapter I, section 658 H services include school districts with sixty-five hundred or more low income children or school districts where fifteen per cent of all children in that school district are low income.
- (Y) "Reimbursement ceilings" means the maximum reimbursement that the CDJFS is eligible to receive from ODJFS for the purchase of child care services.
- (Z) "Minor child" means an individual who has not attained age eighteen, or an individual who has not attained age nineteen and is a full time student in a secondary school or in the equivalent level of vocational or technical training.
- (AA) "Preschool child" means a child who is three years old or older but is not a school child.
- (BB) "Publicly funded child care" means administering to the needs of children during any part of the twenty-four hour day by persons other than their caretaker(s) for remuneration wholly or in part with federal or state funds, including Child Care Block Grant funds, distributed by the Ohio department of job and family services.
- (CC) "Recruitment" means the development and implementation of child care provider campaigns designed to address current supply and demand for child care services.
- (DD) "Referral" means providing information on available and appropriate services to an inquirer seeking child care services including, but not limited to, provider arrangements, training opportunities, programs which provide publicly funded child care assistance, and child care scholarships.
- (EE) "School child" means a child who is enrolled in or is eligible to be enrolled in a grade of kindergarten or above, but who is less than fifteen years old, or who is less than eighteen years old and eligible for special needs or protective child care benefits.
- (FF) "Service delivery area (SDA)" means the area within which a particular child care

- resource and referral service organization provides services.
- (GG) "State median income" means the state median income calculated by the Ohio department of development pursuant to division (A)(1)(g) of section 5709.61 of the Revised Code.
- (HH) "Technical assistance" means the provision of expert child care knowledge by a skilled person through formal or informal instruction which is designed to improve performance and increase effectiveness.
- (II) "Toddler" means a child who is at least eighteen months of age but is less than three years of age.
- (JJ) "Training" means the provision of educational instruction to child care providers and potential providers which is designed to increase their knowledge and skills.
- (KK) "Uniform data base" means the collection of identical information which conforms with established standards allowing for comparative analysis.
- (LL) "Very high or very low population densities" means a county or group of counties with very high or very low population density as determined by the most recent census data.
- (MM) "Written education materials" means the provision of literature to inquirers containing up-to- date information on child care issues including, but not limited to, quality, health, safety, selection of a child care provider, training opportunities and publicly funded child care assistance.

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