

Mike DeWine, Governor | Jon Husted, Lt. Governor | Carrie Kuruc, Director

Business Impact Analysis

Agency Name: Ohio Depa	ertment of Insurance	
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Regulation/Package Title (a g <i>Title Insurance Rules</i>	eneral description of the rules' substantive content):	
Rule Number(s): 3901-7-6	01, 3901-7-02, 3901-7-03, 3901-7-04	
Date of Submission for CSI R Public Comment Period End I		
Rule Type/Number of Rules: New/ rules Amended/ 1 rules (F	No Change/ 3 rules (FYR? 2021) FYR? 2021) Rescinded/ rules (FYR?)

The Common Sense Initiative is established in R.C. 107.61 to eliminate excessive and duplicative rules and regulations that stand in the way of job creation. Under the Common Sense Initiative, agencies must balance the critical objectives of regulations that have an adverse impact on business with the costs of compliance by the regulated parties. Agencies should promote transparency, responsiveness, predictability, and flexibility while developing regulations that are fair and easy to follow. Agencies should prioritize compliance over punishment, and to that end, should utilize plain language in the development of regulations.

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Reason for Submission

1. R.C. 106.03 and 106.031 requires agencies, when reviewing a rule, to determine whether the rule has an adverse impact on businesses as defined by R.C. 107.52. If the agency determines that it does, it must complete a business impact analysis and submit the rule for CSI review.

Which adverse impact(s) to businesses has the Agency determined the rule(s) create?

Which adverse impact(s) to businesses has the Agency determined the rule(s) create?
The rule(s):

a. Requires a license, permit, or any other prior authorization to engage in or operate a line of business.
b. Imposes a criminal penalty, a civil penalty, or another sanction, or creates a cause of action for failure to comply with its terms.
c. Requires specific expenditures or the report of information as a condition of compliance.
d. Is likely to directly reduce the revenue or increase the expenses of the lines of business to which it will apply or applies.

Regulatory Intent

2. Please briefly describe the draft regulation in plain language.

Please include the key provisions of the regulation as well as any proposed amendments.

Rule 3901-7-01 establishes criteria for the annual independent review of title insurance agents' escrow, settlement, closing and security deposit depository institutions. There are no suggested amendments to this rule.

Rule 3901-7-02 sets forth the requirements regarding surety bond and errors and omissions coverage to be maintained by title insurance agents or agencies under conditions specified in section 3953.23 of the Revised Code. There are no suggested amendments to this rule.

Rule 3901-7-03 sets forth the requirements regarding notice to be provided to mortgagors by title insurance agents concerning title insurance coverage under conditions specified in section 3953.30 of the Revised Code. There are no suggested amendments to this rule.

Rule 3901-7-04 establishes ownership and licensing standards for title insurance agents in accordance with division (B) section 3953.21 of the Revised Code, which prohibits certain persons from acting as agents for a title insurance company. A technical amendment is proposed to correct a citation.

3. Please list the Ohio statute(s) that authorize the Agency to adopt the rule(s) and the statute(s) that amplify that authority.

3901-7-01: Sections 3901.041 and 3953.33 of the Revised Code.

3901-7-02: Sections 3901.041 and 3953.23 of the Revised Code.

3901-7-03: Sections 3901.041 and 3953.30 of the Revised Code.

3901-7-04: Section 3901.041 of the Revised Code.

	Not applicable
	If yes, please briefly explain the source and substance of the federal requirement.
	☐ Yes ⊠ No
	approval to administer and enforce a federal law or to participate in a federal program?
	Is the proposed regulation being adopted or amended to enable the state to obtain or maintain
4.	Does the regulation implement a federal requirement? Yes No

5. If the regulation includes provisions not specifically required by the federal government, please explain the rationale for exceeding the federal requirement.

Not applicable.

6. What is the public purpose for this regulation (i.e., why does the Agency feel that there needs to be any regulation in this area at all)?

Rule 3901-7-01: The public purpose is to ensure appropriate financial reviews are in place to protect consumers when agents are handling escrow transactions. Statute requires that any title agent handling escrow accounts shall have an independent review made of those escrow accounts, and requires the superintendent to establish a rule setting forth requirements of the independent review and its filing.

Rule 3901-7-02: The public purpose is protection of consumers in the event of theft, fraud, misappropriation and/or agency errors. Statute requires all title agents to carry errors and omissions coverage, and all title agents handling escrow transactions to obtain surety bonds. Statute also requires the superintendent to establish a rule setting minimum limits, requirements and terms and conditions of coverage.

Rule 3901-7-03: The public purpose of the rule is to ensure borrowers are provided adequate awareness regarding the lender's title insurance policy and availability of owner's title insurance. Statute requires that when a title insurance agent issues a lender's title insurance policy, and where no owner's title insurance policy has been requested, the agent shall provide notice that makes the borrower aware that the lender's policy does not offer the protection an owner's policy does. The notice shall explain what is covered, as well as what would be covered with an owner's title policy.

Rule 3901-7-04: The public purpose is to protect consumers against inappropriate and illegal controlled business arrangements within the title insurance industry. Statute prohibits banks, mortgage lenders or brokers and real estate companies from acting as agents for title insurance companies. The rule describes the level of ownership related to a title insurance agent that would constitute control of the title insurance agency business, and thus constitute acting as an agent.

7. How will the Agency measure the success of this regulation in terms of outputs and/or outcomes?

Rule 3901-7-01: Success is measured by full compliance of all impacted title insurance agents providing the necessary independent review filings by the annual deadline.

Rule 3901-7-02: Success is measured, through the license application and renewal review process, by documenting that all title insurance agents handling escrow transactions are affirming they hold the required amounts of bonds and errors and omissions coverage.

Rule 3901-7-03: Success is measured by the absence of complaints or requests to investigate title agents for failure to communicate adequately and provide notice of lender's title policy coverage scope.

Rule 3901-7-04: Success is measured through the license application and renewal process, specifically by ensuring compliance with statutory requirements and prohibitions during license application review.

	Not applicable.
	If yes, please specify the rule number(s), the specific R.C. section requiring this submission, and a detailed explanation.
8.	Are any of the proposed rules contained in this rule package being submitted pursuant to R.C 101.352, 101.353, 106.032, 121.93, or 121.931? Yes No

Development of the Regulation

9. Please list the stakeholders included by the Agency in the development or initial review of the draft regulation. *If applicable, please include the date and medium by which the stakeholders were initially contacted.*

In May 2021, an email requesting comment on the rule was sent to various stakeholders, interested parties, trade associations and companies. Specifically, the department reached out to the Ohio Land Title Association, the Ohio Insurance Institute (OII), the Association of Ohio Life Insurance Companies (AOLIC), the American Council of Life Insurance (ACLI), the National Association of Insurance and Financial Advisors (NAIFA), Ohio Association of Health Plans (OAHP) and the Professional Independent Agents Association (PIAA), among others. Additionally, these rules were also posted on the department's web site for review.

10. What input was provided by the stakeholders, and how did that input affect the draft regulation being proposed by the Agency?

No comments were received during or after the vetting of this rule packet.

11. What scientific data was used to develop the rule or the measurable outcomes of the rule? How does this data support the regulation being proposed?

Rule 3901-7-01: The rule applies best practice procedures as defined by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and clarifies the types of information and activities related to escrow accounts to have reviewed to meet those standards.

Rule 3901-7-02: Statute requires that surety bond and errors and omissions coverage be regulated by the rule. In setting the coverage limitations, the department considered the market premium costs weighed by the anticipated coverage level needed to protect consumers' funds during property transactions and escrow.

Rule 3901-7-03: Statute requires the notice and what must be included in the notice, and development of this rule did not require additional data or research to develop the rule.

Rule 3901-7-04: The prohibition against certain persons acting as agents is statutory, so no additional data was needed to implement the general requirement of the rule. The rule, however, proscribes what constitutes controlling an agency (business entity agent) and thus acting as an agent. The threshold in rule, 50% or greater ownership, is compatible with a reasonable level of ownership that would indicate controlling ownership. Lower than majority ownership was deemed too restrictive and without merit in terms of assuming control, or acting as an agent.

12. What alternative regulations (or specific provisions within the regulation) did the Agency consider, and why did it determine that these alternatives were not appropriate? If none, why didn't the Agency consider regulatory alternatives?

Rule 3901-7-01: The rule established the filing form and content for independent reviews that are required by statute. There is no need in this case to consider alternatives.

Rule 3901-7-02: The general requirements of the rule are set in statute. The coverage amounts of the bond and errors and omissions insurance requirements could have allowed for alternate (or higher) minimums. The department is continuing the established minimums as a balance that protects consumers while not placing undue burden in business costs for the title agents.

Rule 3901-7-03: The notices required in the rule are set in statute and there were no alternatives to consider beyond the form and content of the notice provided in the rule. The form established in the rule provides the explanation necessary for the borrower to understand the coverage limitations in a lender's policy and the availability of purchasing owners' coverage.

Rule 3901-7-04: Statute prohibits a person engaged in certain lines of business (e.g., realtors or mortgage lenders) from also serving as licensed title agents. The rule establishes the level of ownership or interest of an agency (business entity agent) which would constitute control of that agency and therefore acting as a licensed agent. Alternatives considered in the past have included discussion of different levels of ownership regarding control of the business.

The department continues to consider that 50% or greater constitutes control of the agency, as is standard across most industries when considering level of control.

13. Did the Agency specifically consider a performance-based regulation? Please explain. *Performance-based regulations define the required outcome, but don't dictate the process the regulated stakeholders must use to achieve compliance.*

Performance based regulations are not appropriate for these rules as they establish clear guuidelines for the title industry when meeting statuatory obligations. These rules provide guidance for annual review filings, minimum coverage standards, borrower notices and agency ownership prohibitions. The requirements of the rules are conditions of title agent licensure.

14. What measures did the Agency take to ensure that this regulation does not duplicate an existing Ohio regulation?

The department is the only agency responsible for regulating title insurance companies and title agents, and there are no duplicate rules.

15. Please describe the Agency's plan for implementation of the regulation, including any measures to ensure that the regulation is applied consistently and predictably for the regulated community.

Theses rules remain in place, no substantive amendments are recommended and therefore require no implementation of new standard operating procedures. The proposed amendment in rule 3901-7-04 is technical to correct a citation.

Adverse Impact to Business

- 16. Provide a summary of the estimated cost of compliance with the rule. Specifically, please do the following:
 - a. Identify the scope of the impacted business community;
 - b. Identify the nature of the adverse impact (e.g., license fees, fines, employer time for compliance); and
 - c. Quantify the expected adverse impact from the regulation.

 The adverse impact can be quantified in terms of dollars, hours to comply, or other factors; and may be estimated for the entire regulated population or for a "representative business." Please include the source for your information/estimated impact.
 - a. Impacted business community members for the four title insurance rules are title agents.

b-c.

Rule 3901-7-01: Title agents handling escrow accounts must have an annual independent financial review conducted. The estimated cost for CPA review ranges from \$800-\$1,000 per review. The review can be submitted electronically when filing with the superintendent, which can be done in less than a half hour.

Rule 3901-7-02: Title insurance agents must maintain errors and omissions insurance with minimum coverage of \$250,000. Though insurance cost would vary for each business, it is estimated to be available for \$600-\$1,500 annual premium. Title agents handling escrow for transactions that involve no title insurance must maintain surety bonds with minimum coverage of \$150,000. Though cost varies according to credit and other factors, bonds for this level of coverage are estimated to be available for \$2,000-\$5,000.

Rule 3901-7-03: When a lender's title insurance policy is issued for a sale where no owner's policy has been requested, title agents must provide notice regarding availability and cost of owner's title insurance, as well as the difference in scope of owner's and lender's title policies. The staff time cost of compliance would include time to research cost range for owner's policy and administrative time to complete the notice form. It is anticipated each notice could be completed in a hour or less.

Rule 3901-7-04: The rule describes the requirements that must exist in order for a business entity title agent to be eligible for licensure, and does not directly impose cost or impact. The licensure requirement itself occurs in statute and a different rule. This rule provides information and standards for eligibility, specifically relating to statutory prohibition of certain persons in other businesses acting as title agents or having control of title insurance agencies. Implementation occurs consistently and according to current operating practice during the license application and renewal review process.

17. Why did the Agency determine that the regulatory intent justifies the adverse impact to the regulated business community?

Consumer protection is the primary reason for all four rules, as well as the need to meet statuatory requirements.

Regulatory Flexibility

18. Does the regulation provide any exemptions or alternative means of compliance for small businesses? Please explain.

Rule 3901-7-01: While there are no exemptions from meeting the requirements based on size of the business; the rule does include an exemption if there are fewer than an average of five transactions per month where the agent is handling escrow funds.

Rule 3901-7-02: The surety bond and errors and omission insurance coverage requirements are not related to business size and are in place to ensure consumers' risks are protected when title insurance and funds-handling services are provided by the business.

- Rule 3901-7-03: The notice requirement when issuing lender's title policies are based on the occurrence or transaction and the same requirement exists regardless of business size.
- Rule 3901-7-04: The requirements related to control and ownership of title insurance agencies are consistent regardless of size of the agency.
- 19. How will the Agency apply Ohio Revised Code section 119.14 (waiver of fines and penalties for paperwork violations and first-time offenders) into implementation of the regulation?
 - As all of the rules regard conditions of title agent licensure and licensure eligibility requirements, the general goal is to work with any individual or business entity to meet the compliance standards in order to be able to continue doing business or become eligible if capable.
- 20. What resources are available to assist small businesses with compliance of the regulation?

 Department staff is available to answer questions and provide assistance as needed.